

**Auxiliary Pump** 

P/N 2090255

Airflow Performance, Inc. 111 Airflow Dr. Spartanburg, SC 29306 864-576-4512 www.airflowperformance.com

#### BACKGROUND

1. An auxiliary pump is required for engine starting and as an emergency back up to the engine driven pump. The pump must produce the pressure and flow required to support the engine fuel requirements at maximum HP in the event of an engine driven pump failure. Weldon and Dukes pumps (these are common boost pumps used on certified aircraft) can be installed in line since these pumps incorporate integral bypass and relief valves. The relief valve on the boost pump should be set a few PSI higher than the engine driven pump operates at to verify that the boost is running when it is turned on. Ideally the auxiliary pump should be installed in the system so that under normal flight attitudes the pump inlet will be gravity fed from the fuel supply. If this condition cannot be satisfied, check with the manufacture of the boost pump to determine the dry suction lift capability of the pump. Making the pump draw fuel will increase the possibility of getting fuel vapor or bubbles in the fuel system, causing malfunction of the fuel controller, and can cause premature failure of the boost pump. If you are using P/N 2090255, this assembly is not intended to take the place of an engine driven pump.

### INSTALLATION

- 1. This auxiliary pump is designed to be installed in series with the engine driven fuel pump. API requires that P/N 2090255 auxiliary pump be mounted in the aircraft behind the firewall. This will keep the pump in a cooler environment and will tend to keep vapor lock and hot operation problems to a minimum. We do not recommend the auxiliary pump be mounted on the firewall on down draft cooled engine installations. If you insist mounting the assembly there it is advisable to enclose the pump package in a box and flow blast air through the box. This will keep cooling air flowing through the box in flight and minimize heat soak during shut down. If the gascolator is located on the firewall it should also be installed in the box.
- 2. The Airflow Performance auxiliary pump, P/N 2090255 uses a high-pressure roller vane type fuel pump. This type of pump requires a relief valve to bypass fuel when the pump is running, which keeps the pump cool and sets the pressure to the system. The relief valve (25 PSI) is built into the boost pump package. Normal operating pressure for pumps with this relief valve is 26-32 PSI. The relief valve is not adjustable. A bypass valve is incorporated into the relief bypass housing, so that when the boost pump is not running, fuel will bypass with low restriction and flow directly to the engine driven fuel pump. This pump package will draw 4.5 amps @ 30 PSI and 12 VDC. The pump should be protected by a 10 amp. circuit breaker. Electrical wiring to the pump should be a minimum of 16 gauge-stranded wire. The pump is supplied with 14-gauge wire. The red wire is connected to +12 VDC the black wire is connected to airframe ground. Use connectors on the airframe wiring to connect to the existing pump package wiring. Mount the pump package by using MS21919WDG29 (cushion clamps) clamps around the pump body and or the relief/bypass valve housing to support it securely to the airframe structure. If two clamps are placed around the pump body, it may be necessary to trim the rubber on the outside of the clamp to provide clearance between the pump motor and the relief/bypass valve housing. The pump package can be mounted in any position. All connections on this pump package are -6 AN male fittings.

All Airflow Performance pumps are continuous duty. The maximum dry suction lift of this pump is 2 feet. It is recommended that the pump be mounted as low as possible to the fuel supply to insure quick priming and minimize vapor problems. A flooded inlet is preferred.

### WARRANTY OF PUMP PACKAGES

All pump packages are assembled, inspected and tested in house to insure proper operation of the pump motor; correct pressure out put, correct flow out put and the assembly has been tested for external leakage. Any tampering or removal of any part without contacting API will void any and all warranty of this assembly.

- There will be no warranty on the pump motor P/N HW-3801.
  - Do not run this pump without fuel.
  - Water contamination will ruin the pump.
- Removing the supplied electrical wires will void the warranty. If wire lengths are not sufficient, attach suitable connectors to the existing installed wires and connect them to the wire harness.
- Removing or changing the supplied pump package fittings will void the warranty.
- If the supplied pump fittings do not fit your installation, please contact Airflow Performance, Inc.



### CHECK LIST FOR BOOST PUMP INSTALLATION

1. Flush airframe fuel system plumbing before connecting the high-pressure auxiliary pump.

Use an inexpensive low-pressure fuel pump and filters to flush the fuel tanks and plumbing in composite aircraft before connecting the high-pressure electric pump to the system. Insure all plumbing, hoses, and installed fittings are free from debris. DO NOT USE TEFLON TAPE ON FUEL FITTINGS

2. Free-flow the boost pump to insure pick-up of fuel on initial run of boost pump.

Disconnect the fuel system plumbing before the engine driven fuel pump. Install a fuel hose into a suitable container. Upon initial start of the electric fuel pump, pump should pick up fuel within 5-15 seconds. If it does not, insure that the pump is wired correctly, the plumbing to the pump is correct, there is adequate fuel in the fuel system, and there are no air leaks on the suction side of the electric fuel pump. Flow  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 gallon of fuel into the container before shutting off the electric fuel pump and re-connecting the fuel system.

# WARNING

Airflow Performance and Bendix/Precision fuel injection systems are non-returning systems. In the event that a tank is run dry in flight, an air lock will be formed on the out let of the pumps. It is possible that the auxiliary pump will not pick up fuel, as the auxiliary pump cannot create enough air pressure to over come the flow divider opening pressure, thus displacing the air and resume pumping fuel. It is not recommended to run a fuel tank dry in flight without adequate testing and proper documentation of the procedure for this operation.

### FUEL SYSTEM SCHEMATICS

The following schematics are for numerous installations. There are variations of the descriptions also. The table below describes a typical application where the particular schematic may apply. If you have a unique application where the schematic does not quite apply, contact Airflow Performance for further information.

SCHEMATIC #	DESCRIPTION	TYPICAL APPLICATION
1	Diaphragm engine driven	RV series, Lancair, Glasair; Pitts, preferred
	fuel pump with auxiliary	installation using Lycoming engines with
	pump mounted in airframe.	down draft cooling. This is a typical tractor
		engine installation
2	Diaphragm engine driven	Long EZ, Cozy, typical Lycoming
	fuel pump with auxiliary	installation on rear engine aircraft using
	pump mounted on firewall.	updraft cooling. The boost pump and filter
		are mounted low on the firewall in the
		stream of incoming cooling air.

#### INDEX OF APPLICATIONS

### FUEL SYSTEM SCHEMATIC 1



# FUEL SYSTEM SCHEMATIC 2



